

EYFS LONG TERM PLAN

Throughout the year we will:

- Enhance learning provisions in line with children's needs and interests
- Adapt topic/themes in line with current events and children's interests
- Look to work flexibly with children and families to provide relevant and engaging learning opportunities/experiences.

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| General Topics Cycle A | Autumn 1 Settling in My Family and Friends | Autumn 2 Lights Transport | Spring 1 Who is in the woods? Storytelling | Spring 2 At the farm | Summer 1 Traditional stories | Summer 2 Pirates Transition |
| General Topics Cycle B | Settling in Me Myself and I | Colours People who help us | Dinosaurs Storytelling | In the garden | Popular stories | Under the sea Transition |
| Seasons and Festivals | Autumn Harvest | Bonfire Night Diwali Hannuka Christmas Winter Solstice | Season: Winter Pancake day Valentine's day | Seasons: Spring Mother's Day Easter | | Father's Day Seasons: Summer |

AREAS OF LEARNING GENERAL TARGETS-OBJECTIVES

PRIME AREAS OF LEARNING

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

Throughout the year children will:

Learn to speak with confidence to new adults and friends.
 Learn to play alongside others.
 Be supported in making friends.
 Learn to make new friends.
 Learn how to deal with their emotions appropriately.
 Express their feelings and interests to their friends.
 Learn to deal with changes in a positive way.
 Learn how to understand others needs and feelings

Learn to share toys with others.
 Learn classroom routines and rules.
 Develop relationships with other people.
 Learn to take turns.
 Develop confidence during carpet and circle times.
 Learn to care for each other and animals.

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| <p>Reception</p> | <p>Initiate conversations, attend to and take account of what others say Explain own knowledge and understanding, and ask appropriate questions of others Take steps to resolve conflicts with other children, e.g. finding a compromise Become confident to speak to others about own needs, wants, interests and opinions Describe self in positive terms and talk about abilities Understand that own actions affect other people, for example, become upset or try to comfort another child when they realise they have upset them Become aware of the boundaries set, and of behavioural expectations in the setting Be able to negotiate and solve problems without aggression, e.g. when someone has taken their toy</p> <p>ELG—Children play co-operatively, taking turns with others. They take account of one another's ideas about how to organise their activity. They show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings, and form positive relationships with adults and other children.</p> <p>ELG—Children are confident to try new activities, and say why they like some activities more than others. They are confident to speak in a familiar group, will talk about their ideas, and will choose the resources they need for their chosen activities. They say when they do or don't need help.</p> <p>ELG—Children talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their own and others' behaviour, and its consequences, and know that some behaviour is unacceptable. They work as part of a group or class, and understand and follow the rules. They adjust their behaviour to different situations, and take changes of routine in their stride.</p> |
| <p>Physical Development</p> | <p><u>Throughout the year children will be:</u> Developing gross motor skills through outdoor play; running, climbing, balancing, building etc... Developing fine motor skills such as; pencil grip, scissor control, manipulating small objects (threading, jigsaws, small construction), Developing hand strength using malleable materials (dough etc) and when using writing tools. Learning self-help skills; general hygiene, toileting, washing hands, feeding themselves appropriately etc...</p> |
| <p>Reception</p> | <p>Experiment with different ways of moving. Jump off an object and land appropriately. Negotiate space successfully when playing racing & chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles. Travel with confidence & skill around, under, over and through balancing & climbing equipment. Show increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing, catching or kicking it. Use simple tools to effect changes to materials. Handle tools, objects, construction & malleable materials safely & with increasing control. Show a preference for a dominant hand. Use anticlockwise movement & retrace vertical lines. Form recognisable letters. Use a pencil and hold it effectively to form recognisable letters, most of which</p> |

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| | <p>are correctly formed. Show some understanding that good practices with regard to exercise, eating, sleeping & hygiene can contribute to good health. Show understanding of the need for safety when tackling new challenges, & consider & manage some risks. Show understanding of how to transport & store equipment safely. Practice some appropriate safety measures without direct supervision.</p> <p>ELG:Children know the importance for good health of physical exercise, & a healthy diet, & talk about ways to keep healthy & safe. Manage their own basic hygiene & personal needs successfully, including dressing & going to the toilet independently.</p> <p>ELG—Show good control and co-ordination in large and small movements. Move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. Handle equipment and tools effectively, including pencils for writing.</p> | | | | | | | | |
| <p>Communication and Language</p> | <p><u>Throughout the year children will:</u></p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>Learn to speak with confidence during carpet/circle times</td> <td>Learn new vocabulary relating to topics</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Learn how to greet and interact with friends and adults.</td> <td>Learn how to make their needs known</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Learn to listen and respond appropriately with relevant comments, questions or actions</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Use appropriate story language to re-enact/re-tell simple and familiar stories</td> </tr> </table> | Learn to speak with confidence during carpet/circle times | Learn new vocabulary relating to topics | Learn how to greet and interact with friends and adults. | Learn how to make their needs known | Learn to listen and respond appropriately with relevant comments, questions or actions | | Use appropriate story language to re-enact/re-tell simple and familiar stories | |
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| Use appropriate story language to re-enact/re-tell simple and familiar stories | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>Reception</p> | <p>Maintain attention, concentrates and sits quietly during appropriate activity. Two-channelled attention - can listen and do for short span. Respond to instructions involving a two-part sequence. Understand humour, e.g. nonsense rhymes, jokes. Follow a story without pictures or props. Listen and respond to ideas expressed by others in conversation or discussion. Extend vocabulary, especially by grouping and naming, exploring the meaning and sounds of new words. Use language to imagine and recreate roles and experiences in play situations. Link statements and stick to a main theme or intention. Use talk to organise, sequence and clarify thinking, ideas, feelings and events. Introduce a storyline or narrative into their play.</p> <p>ELG—Children listen attentively in a range of situations. They listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events and respond to what they hear with relevant comments, questions or actions. They give their attention to what others say and respond appropriately, while engaged in another activity.</p> <p>ELG—Children follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. They answer 'how' and 'why' questions about their experiences and in response to stories or events.</p> <p>ELG—Children express themselves effectively, showing awareness of listeners' needs. They use past, present and future forms</p> | | | | | | | | |

accurately when talking about events that have happened or are to happen in the future. They develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events.

SPECIFIC AREAS OF LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT

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| <p>Literacy</p> | <p>Throughout the year children will:</p> <p>Listen to a range of stories during carpet time Visit the school library Share books with other children Enhance pencil control Retell stories through role play</p> <p>Mark make using different resources - drawing ourselves Recognise print in the environment Beginning to form letters, numerals and shapes Write their name and draw themselves</p> |
| <p>Reception</p> | <p>Continue a rhyming string. Hear and say the initial sound in words. Segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together and knows which letters represent some of them. Begin to break the flow of speech into words. Link sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet. Begin to read words and simple sentences. Use vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books. Enjoy an increasing range of books. Know that information can be retrieved from books and computers. Gives meaning to marks they make as they draw, write and paint. Use some clearly identifiable letters to communicate meaning, representing some sounds correctly and in sequence. Write own name and other things such as labels, captions. Attempt to write short sentences in meaningful contexts.</p> <p>ELG—Children read and understand simple sentences. They use phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately. They also read some common irregular words. They demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what they have read.</p> <p>ELG—Children read and understand simple sentences. They use phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately. They also read some common irregular words. They demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what they have read.</p> |

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| Phonics | Phase 1 (Environmental and instrumental sounds, rhythm and rhyme, alliteration, body percussion, voice sounds) | | | | Phase 2 (Looking at letters and their sounds - Read Write Inc - Set 1 including Fred Talk) | |
| Phonics Reception | <p>Phase 1 (Environmental and instrumental sounds, rhythm and rhyme, alliteration, body percussion, voice sounds)</p> <p>Phase 2 (Introducing and applying phase 2 sounds and letters. Oral blending and segmenting.</p> <p>Practising correct letter formation</p> | <p>Phase 1</p> <p>Phase 2 (Applying phase 2 sounds knowledge in reading and writing.</p> <p>Phase 3 (Introducing phase 3 sounds. Oral blending for reading and segmenting for writing)</p> <p>Practising reading and writing simple CVC words</p> | <p>Phase 1</p> <p>Phase 2</p> <p>Phase 3 (Introducing more phase 3 sounds including diagraphs and trigraphs. Applying phase 2 & 3 sound knowledge in reading and writing)</p> <p>Practising reading and writing simple sentences with CVC words.</p> | <p>Phase 1</p> <p>Phase 2</p> <p>Phase 3 Applying phase 2 & 3 sound knowledge in reading and writing.</p> <p>Practising reading and writing more complex sentences with simple CVC words.</p> | <p>Phase 1</p> <p>Phase 2</p> <p>Phase 3</p> <p>Phase 4 Introducing adjacent consonants. Teaching blending for reading and segmenting for writing CVCC and CCVC words.</p> <p>Practising reading and writing and sentences with simple CVCC and CCVC words.</p> | <p>Phase 1</p> <p>Phase 2</p> <p>Phase 3</p> <p>Phase 4</p> <p>Practising reading and writing short texts.</p> <p>If appropriate start Phase 5 introduction to multiple spellings and alternative pronunciation.</p> |
| Mathematics | <p><u>Throughout the year children will be:</u></p> <p>Counting through songs, stories and in their play</p> <p>Recognising numbers in the environment</p> <p>Saying some number names in sequence</p> <p>Exploring 2D shapes in the environment</p> <p>Comparing objects by mass or size</p> <p>Exploring different shapes, spaces and measures</p> <p>Appreciating numbers can say how many objects in a set</p> <p>Showing interest in different measures; time, length, weight</p> <p>Counting objects, sounds or actions</p> | | | | | <p>Recognising quantities of objects</p> <p>Using some number names and language</p> <p>Showing awareness of number in the environment</p> <p>Showing awareness of time through class routines</p> <p>Reciting number rhymes</p> <p>Chanting forwards/backwards to/from 10 (and beyond)</p> <p>Using fingers to represent numbers</p> <p>Recognising, naming and ordering numerals to 10</p> <p>Combining small sets and counting the total</p> |

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| <p style="text-align: center;">Reception</p> | <p>Estimate how many objects they can see and check by counting them. Use the language of 'more' and 'fewer' to compare two sets of objects. Find the total number of items in two groups by counting all of them. Say the number that is one more than a given number. Find one more or one less from a group of up to five objects, then ten objects. In practical activities and discussion, beginning to use the vocabulary involved in adding and subtracting. Record, using marks that they can interpret and explain. Begin to identify own mathematical problems based on own interests and fascinations. Begin to use mathematical names for 'solid' 3D shapes and 'flat' 2D shapes, and mathematical terms to describe shapes. Select a particular named shape. Describe their relative position such as 'behind' or 'next to'. Order two or three items by length or height. Order two items by weight or capacity. Use familiar objects and common shapes to create and recreate patterns and build models. Use everyday language related to time. Begin to use everyday language related to money. Order and sequence familiar events. Measure short periods of time in simple ways.</p> <p>ELG—Children count reliably with numbers from one to 20, place them in order and say which number is one more or one less than a given number. Using quantities and objects, they add and subtract two single-digit numbers and count on or back to find the answer. They solve problems, including doubling, halving and sharing.</p> <p>ELG—Children use everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems. They recognise, create and describe patterns. They explore characteristics of everyday objects and shapes and use mathematical language to describe them.</p> |
| <p style="text-align: center;">Understanding the world</p> | <p><u>Throughout the year children will be:</u> Talking about ourselves, our interests, families, favourite things. Sharing thoughts and experiences about families, how families can be similar and different to others. Sharing our knowledge and experience about the different people in the community. Thinking about different people and how they help us. Talking about those who are important to us and why Sharing experiences and feelings about different festivals and how they are celebrated. Recognising signs of the seasons, exploring using senses, noticing change in the weather and environment. Recognising signs of spring, new plants, animals and change in weather. Thinking about the locality, what buildings, shops, landmarks are around - sharing knowledge Comparing different animals - how are they different (appearance, diet etc)</p> |

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| | <p>Exploring different technologies in school - touch screens, chrome pads, beebots etc Using technology for a purpose - completing a program, painting etc Experiencing extended uses of technology, cameras, phones, computers for making pictures and letters.</p> |
| <p>Reception</p> | <p>Enjoy joining in with family customs and routines. Complete simple programs on a computer. Use ICT hardware to interact with age-appropriate computer software Look closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change</p> <p>ELG—Children know about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things. They talk about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another. They make observations of animals and plants and explain why some things occur, and talk about changes.</p> <p>ELG—Children recognise that a range of technology is used in places such as homes and schools. They select and use technology for particular purposes.</p> <p>ELG—Children talk about past and present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.</p> |
| <p>Expressive Arts and Design</p> | <p><u>Throughout the year children will:</u> Use a range of media, tools and materials in their artwork (drawing, painting, modelling, collages, printing, working with textiles etc) Explore the different musical instruments and use them to make music Explore the different materials and developing their own ideas. Use their imagination for role play</p> |
| <p>Reception</p> | <p>Begin to build a repertoire of songs and dances. Explore what happens when they mix colours. Experiment to create different textures. Understand that different media can be combined to create new effects. Manipulate materials to achieve a planned effect. Construct with a purpose in mind, using a variety of resources. Use simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately. Select appropriate resources and adapts work where necessary. Select tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and</p> |

join materials they are using.

Create simple representations of events, people and objects.

Initiate new combinations of movement and gesture in order to express and respond to feelings, ideas and experiences.

Choose particular colours to use for a purpose.

Introduce a storyline or narrative into their play.

Play alongside other children who are engaged in the same theme.

Play cooperatively as part of a group to develop and act out a narrative.

ELG—Children sing songs, make music and dance, and experiment with ways of changing them. They safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.

ELG—Children use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways, thinking about uses and purposes. They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role play and stories.

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| <u>Autumn 1</u> | <u>Autumn 2</u> | <u>Spring 1</u> | <u>Spring 2</u> | <u>Summer 1</u> | <u>Summer 2</u> |
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| Communication and Language | Personal, Social, Emotional Development | Physical Development | Mathematics | Literacy | Understanding the World | Expressive Arts and Design |
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| <p><u>Listening and attention</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Listens to others one to one or in small groups, when conversation interests them. • Listens to stories with increasing attention and recall. • Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in rhymes and stories. • Focusing attention - still listen or do, but can shift own attention. • Is able to follow directions (if not intently focused on own choice of activity). <p><u>Understanding</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understands use of objects (e.g. "What do we use to cut things?") • Shows understanding of prepositions such as 'under', 'on top', 'behind' by carrying out an action or selecting correct picture. • Responds to simple instructions, e.g. to get or put away an object. • Beginning to understand 'why' and 'how' questions. <p><u>Speaking</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Beginning to use more complex sentences to link thoughts (e.g. using and, because). • Can retell a simple past event in correct order (e.g. went down slide, hurt finger). • Uses talk to connect ideas, explain what is happening and anticipate what might happen next, recall and relive past experiences. • Questions why things happen and gives explanations. Asks e.g. who, what, when, how. • Uses a range of tenses (e.g. play, playing, will play, played). • Uses intonation, rhythm and phrasing to make the meaning clear to others. • Uses vocabulary focused on objects and people that are of particular importance to them. • Builds up vocabulary that reflects the breadth of their experiences. • Uses talk in pretending that objects stand for something else in play, e.g., 'This box is my castle.' | <p><u>Making relationships</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Can play in a group, extending and elaborating play ideas, e.g. building up a role-play activity with other children. • Initiates play, offering cues to peers to join them. • Keeps play going by responding to what others are saying or doing. • Demonstrates friendly behaviour, initiating conversations and forming good relationships with peers and familiar adults. <p><u>Self-confidence and self-awareness</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Can select and use activities and resources with help. • Welcomes and values praise for or what they have done. • Enjoys responsibility of carrying out small tasks. • Is more outgoing towards unfamiliar people and more confident in new social situations. • Confident to talk to other children when playing, and will communicate freely about own home and community. • Shows confidence in asking adults for help. <p><u>Managing Feelings</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aware of own feelings, and knows that some actions and words can hurt others' feelings. • Begins to accept the needs of others and can take turns and share resources, sometimes with support from others. • Can usually tolerate delay when needs are not immediately met, and understands wishes may not always be met. • Can usually adapt behaviour to different events, social situations and changes in routine. | <p><u>Moving and handling</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Moves freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways, such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping. • Mounts stairs, steps or climbing equipment using alternate feet. • Walks downstairs, two feet to each step while carrying a small object. • Runs skilfully and negotiates space successfully, adjusting speed or direction to avoid obstacles. • Can stand momentarily on one foot when shown. • Can catch a large ball. • Draws lines and circles using gross motor movements. • Uses one-handed tools and equipment, e.g. makes snips in paper with child scissors. • Holds pencil between thumb and two fingers, no longer using whole-hand grasp. • Holds pencil near point between first two fingers and thumb and uses it with good control. • Can copy some letters, e.g. letters from their name. <p><u>Health and self-care</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Can tell adults when hungry or tired or when they want to rest or play. • Observes the effects of activity on their bodies. • Understands that equipment and tools have to be used safely. • Gains more bowel and bladder control and can attend to toileting needs most of the time themselves. • Can usually manage washing and drying hands. • Dresses with help, e.g. puts arms into open-fronted coat or shirt when held up, pulls up own trousers, and pulls up zipper once it is fastened at the bottom. | <p><u>Numbers</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses some number names and number language spontaneously. • Uses some number names accurately in play. • Recites numbers in order to 10. • Knows that numbers identify how many objects are in a set. • Beginning to represent numbers using fingers, marks on paper or pictures. • Sometimes matches numeral and quantity correctly. • Shows curiosity about numbers by offering comments or asking questions. • Compares two groups of objects, saying when they have the same number. • Shows an interest in number problems. • Separates a group of three or four objects in different ways, beginning to recognise that the total is still the same. • Shows an interest in numerals in the environment. • Shows an interest in representing numbers. • Realises not only objects, but anything can be counted, including steps, claps or jumps. <p><u>Shape, space and measures</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shows an interest in shape and space by playing with shapes or making arrangements with objects. • Shows awareness of similarities of shapes in the environment. • Uses positional language. • Shows interest in shape by sustained construction activity or by talking about shapes or arrangements. • Shows interest in shapes in the environment. • Uses shapes appropriately for tasks. • Beginning to talk about the shapes of everyday objects, e.g. 'round' and 'tall'. | <p><u>Reading</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enjoys rhyming and rhythmic activities. • Shows awareness of rhyme and alliteration. • Recognises rhythm in spoken words. • Listens to and joins in with stories and poems, one-to-one and also in small groups. • Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in rhymes and stories. • Beginning to be aware of the way stories are structured. • Suggests how the story might end. • Listens to stories with increasing attention and recall. • Describes main story settings, events and principal characters. • Shows interest in illustrations and print in books and print in the environment. • Recognises familiar words and signs such as own name and advertising logos. • Looks at books independently. • Handles books carefully. • Knows information can be relayed in the form of print. • Holds books the correct way up and turns pages. • Knows that print carries meaning and, in English, is read from left to right and top to bottom. <p><u>Writing</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sometimes gives meaning to marks as they draw and paint. • Ascribes meanings to marks that they see in different places. | <p><u>People and communities</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shows interest in the lives of people who are familiar to them. • Remembers and talks about significant events in their own experience. • Recognises and describes special times or events for family or friends. • Shows interest in different occupations and ways of life. • Knows some of the things that make them unique, and can talk about some of the similarities and differences in relation to friends or family. <p><u>The world</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Comments and asks questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where they live or the natural world. • Can talk about some of the things they have observed such as plants, animals, natural and found objects. • Talks about why things happen and how things work. • Developing an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time. • Shows care and concern for living things and the environment. <p><u>Technology</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knows how to operate simple equipment, e.g. turns on CD player and uses remote control. • Shows an interest in technological toys with knobs or pulleys, or real objects such as cameras or mobile phones. • Shows skill in making toys work by pressing parts or lifting flaps to achieve effects such as sound, movements or new images. • Knows that information can be retrieved from computers | <p><u>Exploring & using media & materials</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enjoys joining in with dancing and ring games. • Sings a few familiar songs. • Beginning to move rhythmically. • Imitates movement in response to music. • Taps out simple repeated rhythms. • Explores and learns how sounds can be changed. • Explores colour and how colours can be changed. • Understands that they can use lines to enclose a space, and then begin to use these shapes to represent objects. • Beginning to be interested in and describe the texture of things. • Uses various construction materials. • Beginning to construct, stacking blocks vertically and horizontally, making enclosures and creating spaces. • Joins construction pieces together to build and balance. • Realises tools can be used for a purpose. <p><u>Being imaginative</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Developing preferences for forms of expression. • Uses movement to express feelings. • Creates movement in response to music. • Sings to self and makes up simple songs. • Makes up rhythms. • Notices what adults do, imitating what is observed and then doing it spontaneously when the adult is not there. • Engages in imaginative role-play based on own first-hand experiences. • Builds stories around toys, e.g. farm animals needing rescue from an armchair 'cliff'. • Uses available resources to create props to support role-play. • Captures experiences and responds with a range of media, such as music, dance and paint and other materials or words. |

| Communication and Language | Personal, Social, Emotional Development | Physical Development | Mathematics | Literacy | Understanding the World | Expressive Arts and Design |
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| <p><u>Listening and attention</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintains attention, concentrates & sits quietly during appropriate activity. • Two-channelled attention can listen and do for short span. <p>ELG:Children listen attentively in a range of situations. They listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events & respond to what they hear with relevant comments, questions or actions. They give their attention to what others say and respond appropriately, while engaged in another activity.</p> <p><u>Understanding</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Responds to instructions involving a two-part sequence. Understands humour, e.g. nonsense rhymes, jokes. • Able to follow a story without pictures or props. • Listens and responds to ideas expressed by others in conversation or discussion. <p>ELG:Children follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. They answer 'how' and 'why' questions about their experiences & in response to stories or events.</p> <p><u>Speaking</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extends vocabulary, especially by grouping and naming, exploring the meaning and sounds of new words. • Uses language to imagine & recreate roles and experiences in play situations. • Links statements and sticks to a main theme or intention. • Uses talk to organise, sequence & clarify thinking, ideas, feelings & events. • Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play. <p>ELG:Children express themselves effectively, showing awareness of listeners' needs. They use past, present and future forms accurately when talking about events that have happened or are to happen in the future. They develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events.</p> | <p><u>Making relationships</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Initiates conversations, attends to and takes account of what others say. • Explains own knowledge and understands, and asks appropriate questions of others. • Takes steps to resolve conflicts with other children, e.g. finding a compromise. <p>ELG:Children play co-operatively, taking turns with others. They take account of one another's ideas about how to organise their activity. They show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings, & form positive relationships with adults & other children.</p> <p><u>Self-confidence and self-awareness</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Confident to speak to others about own needs, wants, interests and opinions. • Can describe self in positive terms and talk about abilities. <p>ELG:Children are confident to try new activities, & say why they like some activities more than others. They are confident to speak in a familiar group, will talk about their ideas, and will choose the resources they need for their chosen activities. They say when they do or don't need help.</p> <p><u>Managing Feelings</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understands that own actions affect other people, for example, becomes upset or tries to comfort another child when they realise they have upset them. • Aware of the boundaries set, & of behavioural expectations in the setting. • Beginning to be able to negotiate & solve problems without aggression, e.g. when someone has taken their toy. <p>ELG:Children talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their own and others' behaviour, and its consequences, & know that some behaviour is unacceptable. They work as part of a group or class, & understand & follow the rules. They adjust their behaviour to different situations, & take changes of routine in their stride.</p> | <p><u>Moving and handling</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Experiments with different ways of moving. • Jumps off an object and lands appropriately. • Negotiates space successfully when playing racing & chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles. • Travels with confidence & skill around, under, over and through balancing & climbing equipment. • Shows increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing, catching or kicking it. • Uses simple tools to effect changes to materials. • Handles tools, objects, construction & malleable materials safely & with increasing control. • Shows a preference for a dominant hand. • Begins to use anticlockwise movement & retrace vertical lines. • Begins to form recognisable letters. • Uses a pencil and holds it effectively to form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed. <p>ELG:Children show good control & co-ordination in large & small movements. They move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. They handle equipment & tools effectively, including pencils for writing.</p> <p><u>Health and self-care</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Eats a healthy range of foodstuffs & understands need for variety in food. • Usually dry & clean during the day. • Shows some understanding that good practices with regard to exercise, eating, sleeping & hygiene can contribute to good health. • Shows understanding of the need for safety when tackling new challenges, & considers & manages some risks. • Shows understanding of how to transport & store equipment safely. • Practices some appropriate safety measures without direct supervision. <p>ELG:Children know the importance for good health of physical exercise, & a healthy diet, & talk about ways to keep healthy & safe. They manage their own basic hygiene & personal needs successfully, including dressing & going to the toilet independently.</p> | <p><u>Numbers</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognises some numerals of personal significance. • Recognises numerals 1 to 5. • Counts up to three or four objects by saying one number name for each item. • Counts actions or objects which cannot be moved. • Counts objects to 10, & beginning to count beyond 10. • Counts out up to six objects from a larger group. • Selects the correct numeral to represent 1 to 5, then 1 to 10 objects. • Counts an irregular arrangement of up to ten objects. • Estimates how many objects they can see & checks by counting them. • Uses the language of 'more' & 'fewer' to compare two sets of objects. • Finds the total number of items in two groups by counting all of them. • Says the number that is one more than a given number. • Finds one more or one less from a group of up to five objects, then ten objects. • In practical activities and discussion, beginning to use the vocabulary involved in adding & subtracting. • Records, using marks that they can interpret and explain. • Begins to identify own mathematical problems based on own interests & fascinations. <p>ELG: Children count reliably with numbers from one to 20, place them in order and say which number is one more or one less than a given number. Using quantities & objects, they add & subtract two single-digit numbers & count on or back to find the answer. They solve problems, including doubling, halving & sharing.</p> <p><u>Shape, space and measures</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Beginning to use mathematical names for 'solid' 3D shapes and 'flat' 2D shapes, & mathematical terms to describe shapes. • Selects a particular named shape. • Can describe their relative position such as 'behind' or 'next to'. • Orders two or three items by length or height. • Orders two items by weight or capacity. • Uses familiar objects & common shapes to create & recreate patterns & build models. • Uses everyday language related to time. • Beginning to use everyday language related to money. • Orders & sequences familiar events. • Measures short periods of time in simple ways. <p>ELG:Children use everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems. They recognise, create & describe patterns. They explore characteristics of everyday objects & shapes & use mathematical language to describe them.</p> | <p><u>Reading</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continues a rhyming string. • Hears & says the initial sound in words. • Can segment the sounds in simple words & blend them together & knows which letters represent some of them. • Links sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet. • Begins to read words & simple sentences. • Uses vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books. • Enjoys an increasing range of books. • Knows that information can be retrieved from books & computers. <p>ELG:Children read & understand simple sentences. They use phonics knowledge to decode regular words & read them aloud accurately. They also read some common irregular words. They demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what they have read.</p> <p><u>Writing</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gives meaning to marks they make as they draw, write & paint. • Begins to break the flow of speech into words. • Continues a rhyming string. • Hears and says the initial sound in words. • Can segment the sounds in simple words & blend them together. • Links sounds to letters, naming & sounding the letters of the alphabet. • Uses some clearly identifiable letters to communicate meaning, representing some sounds correctly and in sequence. • Writes own name and other things such as labels, captions. • Attempts to write short sentences in meaningful contexts. <p>ELG:Children use their phonic knowledge to write words in ways which match their spoken sounds. They also write some irregular common words. They write simple sentences which can be read by themselves & others. Some words are spelt correctly & others are phonetically plausible.</p> | <p><u>People and communities</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enjoys joining in with family customs & routines. <p>ELG:Children talk about past & present events in their own lives & in the lives of family members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, & are sensitive to this. They know about similarities & differences between themselves & others, & among families, communities & traditions.</p> <p><u>The world</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Looks closely at similarities, differences, patterns & change. <p>ELG:Children know about similarities & differences in relation to places, objects, materials & living things. They talk about the features of their own immediate environment & how environments might vary from one another. They make observations of animals & plants & explain why some things occur, & talk about changes.</p> <p><u>Technology</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Completes a simple program on a computer. • Uses ICT hardware to interact with age-appropriate computer software. <p>ELG:Children recognise that a range of technology is used in places such as homes & schools. They select and use technology for particular purposes.</p> | <p><u>Exploring & using media & materials</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Begins to build a repertoire of songs & dances. • Explores the different sounds of instruments. • Explores what happens when they mix colours. • Experiments to create different textures. • Understands that different media can be combined to create new effects. • Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect. • Constructs with a purpose in mind, using a variety of resources. • Uses simple tools and techniques competently & appropriately. • Selects appropriate resources & adapts work where necessary. • Selects tools & techniques needed to shape, assemble & join materials they are using. <p>ELG:Children sing songs, make music & dance, & experiment with ways of changing them. They safely use & explore a variety of materials, tools & techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form & function.</p> <p><u>Being imaginative</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create simple representations of events, people and objects. • Initiates new combinations of movement & gesture in order to express & respond to feelings, ideas & experiences. • Chooses particular colours to use for a purpose. • Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play. • Plays alongside other children who are engaged in the same theme. • Plays cooperatively as part of a group to develop & act out a narrative. <p>ELG:Children use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways, thinking about uses & purposes. They represent their own ideas, thoughts & feelings through design & technology, art, music, dance, role play & stories.</p> |

